UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: February 28, 2010 Estimated average burden hours per response....12.00

Mail Processing Section

FEB 29 2012

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART 111

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 67978

Washington, DC 123 Information Required of Broke Securities Exchange Act			of the
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/11 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/11 / MM/DD/YY
A. REGISTR	RANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Stonecroft Securities, LLC ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.		FICIAL USE ONLY
23253 Meadowvale Glen Court			
	(No. and Street)	20166	
(City)	(State)		Code)
Tim Howard B. ACCOUNT INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whos	FANT IDENTIF	ICATION	U de – Telephone Number)
Rubio CPA, PC			
(Name if individ	lual, state last, first, m	iddle name)	
900 Circle 75 Parkway, Suite 1100	Atlanta	Georgia	30339
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United S	States or any of its	possessions.	
FOR OF	FICIAL USE ON	ILY	
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Tim Howard	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my
knowle	edge and belief the accompanying financ	ial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	Stonecroft Securities, LLC	, as
of _	December 31	
neither	the company nor any partner, proprietor,	principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classifi	ed solely as that of a customer, except as	follows:
		VSM S
	1 1	Signature
4	Notary Public	Title
This re	eport ** contains (check all applicable	boxes):
5	(a) Facing Page.	
2	(b) Statement of Financial Condition	on.
<u> </u>	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	atal Canadidan
	(d) Statement of Changes in Stack	icial Condition. Cholders' Equity or Partners" or Sole Proprietors" Capital.
2	-	lities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
f		n of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
Ē		ssession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	Rule 15c3-3 and the Computat	propriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under tion for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit
	A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the respect to methods of consolid	audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with lation.
5	7 (2) 4 (2) 4 (2)	
Ē	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplement	
	(n) A report describing any mater date of the previous audit.	ial inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the
**For	conditions of confidential treatment of	of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17z-5(e)(3).

MICHAEL S. GETER
NOTARY PUBLIC
COMMONWEALTH OF VIRIGINIA
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES APR. 30, 2015
COMMISSION & 7587305

State of Villeinia County of London

STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended
December 31, 2011
With
Independent Auditor's Report

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

900 Circle 75 Parkway Suite 1100 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995

Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members Stonecroft Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Stonecroft Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2011 and the related statements of operations, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Stonecroft Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2011 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 1, 2012 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Parkin CP4, Pc

STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2011

ASSETS

		2011
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses	\$	15,895 233
Total Assets	\$	16,128
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,900
Total Liabilities		2,900
SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors Accrued interest		30,000 4,563 34,563
MEMBERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		(21,335)
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity (Deficit)	<u>\$</u>	16,128

STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

REVENUES		2011
Placement fees Interest and dividends		2,289 2
Total revenues		2,291
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Regulatory fees		4,037
Interest expense		1,500
Other operating expenses		3,890
Total expenses		9,427
NET INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$</u>	(7,136)

STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operations:	\$ (7,136)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	900
Increase in prepaid expenses	 (25)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 (6,261)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(6,261)
CARL DAY AND	(0,201)
CASH BALANCE: Beginning of period	22,156
Beginning of period	 22,130
End of period	\$ 15,895

STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Balance, December 31, 2010	\$	(14,199)
Net income (loss)	•	(7,136)
Balance, December 31, 2011	<u>\$</u>	(21,335)

STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Subordinated liabilities at December 31, 2010	\$	33,063
Interest on subordinated borrowing	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,500
Subordinated liabilities at December 31, 2011	\$	34,563

STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2011

NOTE A — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business: Stonecroft Securities, LLC (the "Company"), a limited liability company, was organized in August 2007 and became a broker-dealer in December 2008. The Company is a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u> The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

<u>Income Taxes:</u> The Company is taxed as a partnership. Income or losses of the Company flow through to the members and no income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

The Company has adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FASB ASC 740-10). Under this Interpretation, the Company is required to evaluate each of its tax positions to determine if they are more likely than not to be sustained if the taxing authority examines the respective position. A tax position includes an entity's status, including its status as a pass-through entity, and the decision not be file a return. The Company has evaluated each of its tax positions and has determined that no provision or liability for income taxes is necessary.

The Company, which files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions, is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examination by tax authorities for years before 2008.

<u>Estimates:</u> Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

<u>Date of Management's Review:</u> Subsequent events were evaluated through February 1, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE B — NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2011, the Company had net capital of \$8,114 which was \$3,114 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000 and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .92 to 1.0.

STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2011

NOTE C - RELATED PARTIES

The Company operates from office premises provided by a member. The cost of the premises and administrative services provided by the member are considered insignificant.

Financial position and results of operations would differ from the amounts in the accompanying financial statements if these transactions with related parties did not exist.

NOTE D - LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO THE CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

The subordinated loans are covered by agreements approved by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and are thus available in computing net capital under the Securities and Exchange Commission's uniform net capital rule. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid. The maturity date of the subordinated loans is December 31, 2013. The subordinated loans bear interest at 5% per annum.

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	SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
	SOLI ELMENTAL IN ORDINATION	

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SCHEDULE I STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011

NET CAPITAL:

Total members' equity (deficit) Subordinated loan	\$ (21,335) 30,000 8,665
Less nonallowable assets Prepaid expenses	(233)
Net capital before haircuts	8,432
Less haircuts Money market accounts	(318)
Net capital Minimum net capital required	8,114 5,000
Excess net capital	\$ 3,114
Aggregate indebtedness	\$ 7,463
Net capital based on aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 498</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	92%

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011

There is no significant difference between net capital as reported in Form X-17A-5 and net capital as computed above.

STONECROFT SECURITIES, LLC

SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(i) of the rule.

SCHEDULE III INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(i)) of the rule.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

900 Circle 75 Parkway Suite 1100 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995 Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5

To the Members Stonecroft Securities, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Stonecroft Securities, LLC, for the period ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control structure over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by Stonecroft Securities, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report were adequate at December 31, 2011 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the division of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

February 1, 2012 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Puhis CPA, PC